

I would also like to take a moment to commend Chairman PALLONE and Ranking Members BARTON and DEAL who worked to prepare the bill for rapid action in Committee and the House floor.

I also wish to thank Chairman OBEY for including the Medicaid legislation in the supplemental appropriations bill.

Ms. ESHOO. Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong opposition to continued war funding for Iraq.

I voted against the war and have never wavered in my opposition to the Administration's misguided policies in Iraq.

It has been a long and painful 5 year journey for the people of our country since the Administration acted preemptively and unilaterally to invade and occupy Iraq.

Military leaders, the best minds in foreign and economic policy, and the vast majority of the American people have been resoundingly clear: The Administration's war-without-end policy is not a strategy for success.

As retired General William Odom, former Director of the National Security Agency under President Reagan and member of the National Security Council under President Carter stated, "Getting out of Iraq is the pre-condition for creating new strategic options."

I cannot support war funding without a clear exit strategy in sight. It is bad for our troops, our country, and our standing in the world.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of today's second amendment that includes a clear path out of Iraq, a plan that my constituents and the vast majority of Americans are demanding.

More than 5 years ago the President proclaimed "Mission Accomplished" in Iraq. Paradoxically, he insists on a permanent U.S. presence there. And what exactly has this Administration "accomplished" in Iraq?

More than 4,000 U.S. soldiers have been killed and almost 30,000 injured; tens of thousands Iraqi civilian deaths; an emboldened Iran and new threats from Al Qaeda in the region; \$519 billion taxpayer dollars spent and a future expenditure of some \$3 trillion; a hobbled Iraqi government unable to provide clean water, medical care, jobs for its people, or pass critical oil sharing legislation; a U.S. military on the verge of collapse and unable to press vigorously the critical fight in Afghanistan or respond to other crises in the world; and still no exit strategy.

With no end game in sight, the Administration and its supporters in Congress are complicit in a continuation of a failed policy which they insist on extending with a blank check policy to accompany it.

The President owes it to our brave men and women in Iraq and their families, he owes it to the American people, and he owes it to the citizens of Iraq not to leave this mess for the next President to finish.

This bill establishes a clear path out of Iraq. The language requires the Administration to begin redeployment 30 days after enactment and requires Secretary Gates to submit to Congress within 90 days a report detailing plans to reduce and redeploy troops from Iraq. It prohibits sending troops to Iraq that are not assessed as "fully mission capable" of performing their assigned mission, and outlaws the presence of a permanent U.S. base there. Additionally, this provision requires the Iraqi government to match every U.S. dollar spent for training and infrastructure construction and repair. Finally, it prohibits the intelligence community from subjecting detainees to interroga-

tion techniques not authorized by the U.S. Army Field Manual. This will essentially abolish the use of water torture and begin to restore America's standing in the world community.

As a member of the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence it is vital that we extend the ban on torture to the Intelligence agencies. The President has said he will veto any ban on torture, clearly demonstrating his desire to reserve for himself the right to subject detainees to these horrendous techniques. Congress has an obligation to make it clear that the American people do not believe in torture and will not allow it to continue.

This amendment sets a decisive course out of Iraq and begins to shift responsibilities to the Iraqi government. I urge my colleagues to heed the demands of the American people and support this strategy.

Mr. Speaker, I'm very pleased that the Appropriations Committee included two important provisions in today's third amendment. First, it includes critical funding for Iraqi Christians and second, it modernizes and improves the G.I. bill.

I'm pleased that the amendment contains \$10 million for vulnerable Iraqi minorities, including Christians. The needs of Assyrians in Iraq could not be greater. A report produced by the Department of State on U.S. assistance to the Nineveh Plains in Iraq concluded that Christian minorities have experienced serious human rights abuses in the Nineveh Plains. The report also states that the region has absorbed a significant number of Christian internally displaced persons (IDPs) moving from the south, placing an economic burden in the area.

They are fleeing because they are being threatened and murdered in their home communities. Their priests are being executed, their churches burned, and their nuns threatened. In February of this year, Archbishop Paulos Rahho was abducted and murdered in Mosul.

While Assyrians only represented 5 percent of the total Iraqi population before the war, according to the United Nations today they comprise as much as 40 percent of the growing Iraqi refugees who have fled for their lives to Syria, Jordan, Lebanon, and Turkey.

These families desperately need security, housing, jobs, schools and the chance to live in a sustainable community where they can openly practice their faith. This funding is essential to their survival.

Also included in this amendment is a modernization of the G.I. bill. The G.I. bill has been heralded as one of the most successful government programs in the history of our Nation. It gave millions of G.I.s the chance to go to college, many of whom were the first to receive a college education in their families. But the G.I. bill is over 54 years old and has not kept up with rising tuition costs.

According to a recent Department of Veterans Affairs (V.A.) survey, 18 percent of the veterans recently back from tours of duty are unemployed. Of those employed since leaving the military, 25 percent earn less than \$21,840 a year. The survey also demonstrated that only 48.4 percent of the respondents took advantage of the G.I. bill and concluded that receiving the benefits of the current G.I. bill was not a strong predictor of successful employment outcomes.

This survey clearly demonstrates the need for this new G.I. bill. The amendment provides

veterans with a maximum educational benefit equal to the highest tuition rate of a public college or university in their State, as well as a monthly stipend for housing. It also establishes a new program in which private educational institutions would make financial contributions toward veterans' tuition, and the federal government would match those contributions.

When our veterans return from the battlefield, they should have every opportunity to enter the classroom and ultimately the civilian workforce. Our Nation needs these brave men and women to contribute to the growth and health of our economy and this new G.I. bill accomplishes this.

From development funding for Iraqi Christians to the creation of a new G.I. bill, this amendment addresses specific urgent needs for our Nation and world. The amendment is well crafted and I urge my colleagues to support its passage.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. All time for debate has expired.

Pursuant to House Resolution 1197, the previous question is ordered.

The question of adoption of the motion is divided among the three proposed House amendments to the Senate amendment.

The first portion of the divided question is, Will the House concur in the amendment of the Senate with House amendment No. 1 printed in House Report 110-636?

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the yeas appeared to have it.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

FURTHER MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A further message from the Senate by Ms. Curtis, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate agrees to the report of the committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendment of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 2419) "An Act to provide for the continuation of agricultural programs through fiscal year 2012, and for other purposes."

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 and clause 9 of rule XX, this 15-minute vote on concurring in the Senate amendment with amendment No. 1 will be followed by 5-minute votes on concurring in the Senate amendment with amendment No. 2, if ordered; concurring in the Senate amendment with amendment No. 3, if ordered; and the motion to suspend the rules with regard to H.R. 2894, if ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 141, nays 149, answered "present" 132, not voting 12, as follows:

[Roll No. 328]

YEAS—141

Altmire	Berkley	Bishop (GA)
Baird	Berman	Bishop (UT)
Barrow	Berry	Boren
Bean	Bilirakis	Boucher

Boyd (FL) Green, Gene
 Boyda (KS) Hall (TX)
 Brown (SC) Hayes
 Brown, Corrine Heller
 Buchanan Herseeth Sandlin
 Burgess Hill
 Campbell (CA) Hinojosa
 Capito Holden
 Carney Hooley
 Castle Hoyer
 Cazayoux Hunter
 Chandler Jefferson
 Clyburn Johnson (IL)
 Coble Jones (NC)
 Cole (OK) Jordan
 Cooper Kanjorski
 Costa Keller
 Costello Kind
 Cramer King (NY)
 Cuellar LaHood
 Davis (AL) Lampson
 Davis (CA) Larsen (WA)
 Davis, Lincoln Latta
 Dent Levin
 Dicks Lipinski
 Donnelly LoBiondo
 Edwards Lucas
 Ellsworth Mahoney (FL)
 Emanuel Marshall
 Emerson Matheson
 English (PA) McHenry
 Etheridge McIntyre
 Fallin Melancon
 Forbes Miller (FL)
 Fortenberry Miller (MI)
 Fossella Mitchell
 Foster Mollohan
 Frelinghuysen Moore (KS)
 Giffords Murphy, Tim
 Gilchrest Murtha
 Gonzalez Musgrave
 Gordon Ortiz
 Graves Pearce

NAYS—149

Abercrombie Hinchey
 Ackerman Hirono
 Allen Hodes
 Andrews Holt
 Arcuri Honda
 Baca Inslee
 Baldwin Israel
 Becerra Jackson (IL)
 Bishop (NY) Jackson-Lee
 Blumenauer (TX)
 Boswell Johnson (GA)
 Brady (PA) Johnson, E. B.
 Braley (IA) Jones (OH)
 Butterfield Kagen
 Capps Kaptur
 Capuano Kennedy
 Cardoza Kildee
 Carnahan Kilpatrick
 Carson Klein (FL)
 Castor Kucinich
 Clarke Langevin
 Clay Larson (CT)
 Cleaver Lee
 Cohen Lewis (GA)
 Conyers Loeb sack
 Courtney Lofgren, Zoe
 Crowley Lowey
 Cummings Lynch
 Davis (IL) Maloney (NY)
 DeFazio Markey
 Delahunt Matsui
 DeLauro McCarthy (NY)
 Dingell McCollum (MN)
 Doggett McDermott
 Doyle McGovern
 Duncan McNerney
 Ellison McNulty
 Engel Meek (FL)
 Eshoo Meeks (NY)
 Farr Michaud
 Fattah Miller (NC)
 Filner Miller, George
 Frank (MA) Moore (WI)
 Green, Al Moran (VA)
 Grijalva Murphy (CT)
 Gutierrez Murphy, Patrick
 Hall (NY) Nadler
 Hare Napolitano
 Harman Neal (MA)
 Hastings (FL) Oberstar
 Higgins Obey

Peterson (MN)
 Petri
 Platts
 Pomeroy
 Porter
 Ramstad
 Reichert
 Renzi
 Reyes
 Rodriguez
 Ross
 Roybal-Allard
 Ruppersberger
 Ryan (OH)
 Salazar
 Schiff
 Schmidt
 Schwartz
 Scott (GA)
 Sensenbrenner
 Sessions
 Sestak
 Shays
 Sherman
 Shuler
 Skelton
 Smith (WA)
 Snyder
 Space
 Spratt
 Stearns
 Tanner
 Taylor
 Terry
 Turner
 Udall (CO)
 Upton
 Visclosky
 Walberg
 Walz (MN)
 Whitfield (KY)
 Wilson (OH)
 Wittman (VA)

Oliver
 Pallone
 Pascarelli
 Pastor
 Paul
 Payne
 Pelosi
 Perlmutter
 Price (NC)
 Rahall
 Rangel
 Richardson
 Rothman
 Sánchez, Linda T.
 Sanchez, Loretta
 Sarbanes
 Schakowsky
 Scott (VA)
 Serrano
 Shea-Porter
 Sires
 Slaughter
 Solis
 Speier
 Stark
 Stupak
 Sutton
 Tauscher
 Thompson (CA)
 Thompson (MS)
 Tierney
 Towns
 Tsongas
 Udall (NM)
 Van Hollen
 Velázquez
 Wasserman
 Schultz
 Waters
 Watson
 Watt
 Waxman
 Weiner
 Welch (VT)
 Wexler
 Woolsey
 Wu
 Wynn
 Yarmuth

ANSWERED “PRESENT”—132

Aderholt
 Akin
 Alexander
 Bachmann
 Bachus
 Barrett (SC)
 Bartlett (MD)
 Barton (TX)
 Biggert
 Bilbray
 Blackburn
 Blunt
 Boehner
 Bonner
 Boozman
 Boustany
 Brady (TX)
 Broun (GA)
 Brown-Waite,
 Ginny
 Burton (IN)
 Buyer
 Calvert
 Camp (MI)
 Cannon
 Cantor
 Carter
 Chabot
 Conaway
 Cubin
 Culberson
 Davis (KY)
 Davis, David
 Davis, Tom
 Deal (GA)
 Diaz-Balart, L.
 Diaz-Balart, M.
 Doolittle
 Drake
 Dreier
 Ehlers
 Everrett
 Feeney
 Ferguson
 Flake
 Foxx
 Franks (AZ)
 Garrett (NJ)
 Gingrey
 Gohmert
 Goode
 Goodlatte
 Granger
 Hastings (WA)
 Hensarling
 Herger
 Hobson
 Hoekstra
 Inglis (SC)
 Issa
 Johnson, Sam
 King (IA)
 Kingston
 Kirk
 Kline (MN)
 Knollenberg
 Kuhl (NY)
 Lamborn
 Latham
 LaTourette
 Lewis (CA)
 Linder
 Lungren, Daniel
 E.
 Manzullo
 Marchant
 McCarthy (CA)
 McCaul (TX)
 McCotter
 McCrery
 McHugh
 McKeon
 McMorris
 Rodgers
 Mica
 Miller, Gary
 Moran (KS)
 Wilson (SC)
 Wolf
 Young (AK)
 Young (FL)

NOT VOTING—12

Bono Mack
 Crenshaw
 DeGette
 Gallegly
 Gerlach
 Gillibrand
 Hulshof
 Lewis (KY)
 Mack
 Myrick
 Rush
 Sali

□ 1530

Ms. WATSON, Messrs. MILLER of North Carolina, CARSON of Indiana, AL GREEN of Texas, and BECERRA changed their vote from “yea” to “nay.”

Messrs. JORDAN of Ohio, BILIRAKIS, Mrs. SCHMIDT, and Mrs. MUSGRAVE changed their vote from “present” to “yea.”

Ms. GRANGER, Messrs. DOOLITTLE, WALSH of New York, EVERETT, and SAM JOHNSON of Texas changed their vote from “yea” to “present.”

Messrs. ISSA, LINDER, WELLER of Illinois and Mrs. CUBIN changed their vote from “nay” to “present.”

So the first portion of the divided question was not adopted.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Mr. SALI. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 328, had I been present, I would have voted “yea.”

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. GALLEGLY. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 328, I was in the well waving my “present” card. The Speaker clearly saw me and did not recognize me. Had I been recognized, I would have voted “present.”

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair will now put the question on the second portion of the divided question.

The question is, Will the House concur in the amendment of the Senate with House amendment No. 2 printed in House Report 110-636?

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. LEWIS of California. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 227, nays 196, not voting 11, as follows:

[Roll No. 329]

YEAS—227

Abercrombie	Grijalva	Oliver
Ackerman	Gutierrez	Ortiz
Altmire	Hall (NY)	Pallone
Andrews	Hare	Pascarelli
Arcuri	Harman	Pastor
Baca	Hastings (FL)	Payne
Baldwin	Herseeth Sandlin	Pelosi
Bean	Higgins	Perlmutter
Becerra	Hill	Peterson (MN)
Berkley	Hinchey	Pomeroy
Berman	Hinojosa	Price (NC)
Berry	Hirono	Rahall
Bishop (GA)	Hodes	Rangel
Bishop (NY)	Holden	Reyes
Blumenauer	Holt	Richardson
Boswell	Honda	Rodriguez
Boucher	Hooley	Ross
Boyd (FL)	Hoyer	Rothman
Boyda (KS)	Inslee	Roybal-Allard
Brady (PA)	Israel	Ruppersberger
Braley (IA)	Jackson (IL)	Ryan (OH)
Brown, Corrine	Jackson-Lee	Salazar
Butterfield	(TX)	Sánchez, Linda T.
Capps	Jefferson	Sanchez, Loretta
Capuano	Johnson (GA)	Sarbanes
Cardoza	Johnson, E. B.	Schakowsky
Carnahan	Jones (NC)	Schiff
Carson	Jones (OH)	Schwartz
Castle	Kagen	Scott (GA)
Castor	Kanjorski	Scott (VA)
Cazayoux	Kaptur	Serrano
Chandler	Kennedy	Sestak
Clarke	Kildee	Shays
Clay	Kilpatrick	Shea-Porter
Cleaver	Kind	Sherman
Clyburn	Klein (FL)	Shuler
Coble	Langevin	Sires
Cohen	Larsen (WA)	Skelton
Conyers	Larson (CT)	Slaughter
Cooper	Lee	Smith (WA)
Costello	Levin	Solis
Courtney	Lewis (GA)	Space
Cramer	Lipinski	Speier
Crowley	Loeb sack	Spratt
Cuellar	Lofgren, Zoe	Stark
Cummings	Lowey	Stupak
Davis (AL)	Lynch	Sutton
Davis (CA)	Mahoney (FL)	Tanner
Davis (IL)	Maloney (NY)	Tauscher
DeFazio	Markey	Thompson (CA)
Delahunt	Matsui	Thompson (MS)
DeLauro	McCarthy (NY)	Tierney
Dingell	McCollum (MN)	Towns
Doggett	McDermott	Tsongas
Doyle	McGovern	Udall (CO)
Duncan	McIntyre	Udall (NM)
Edwards	McNerney	Van Hollen
Ellison	McNulty	Velázquez
Ellsworth	Meek (FL)	Visclosky
Emanuel	Meeks (NY)	Walsh (NY)
Engel	Melancon	Walz (MN)
English (PA)	Michaud	Wasserman
Eshoo	Miller (NC)	Schultz
Etheridge	Miller, George	Waters
Farr	Mitchell	Watson
Fattah	Mollohan	Watt
Filner	Moore (KS)	Waxman
Foster	Moore (WI)	Weiner
Frank (MA)	Moran (VA)	Welch (VT)
Giffords	Murphy (CT)	Wexler
Gilchrest	Murphy, Patrick	Wilson (OH)
Gonzalez	Murtha	Woolsey
Gordon	Nadler	Wu
Green, Al	Napolitano	Wynn
Green, Gene	Neal (MA)	Yarmuth
	Oberstar	
	Obey	

NAYS—196

Aderholt Frelinghuysen Pearce
Akin Gallegly Pence
Alexander Garrett (NJ) Peterson (PA)
Allen Gingrey Petri
Bachmann Gohmert Pickering
Bachus Goode Pitts
Baird Goodlatte Platts
Barrett (SC) Granger Poe
Barrow Graves Porter
Bartlett (MD) Hall (TX) Price (GA)
Barton (TX) Hastings (WA) Pryce (OH)
Biggert Heller Putnam
Billbray Hensarling Radanovich
Bilirakis Herger Regula
Bishop (UT) Hobson Rehberg
Blackburn Hoekstra Reichert
Blunt Hunter Reynolds
Boehner Ingalls (SC) Rogers (AL)
Bonner Issa Rogers (KY)
Boozman Johnson (IL) Rogers (MI)
Boren Johnson, Sam Rohrabacher
Boustany Jordan Ros-Lehtinen
Brady (TX) Keller Roskam
Broun (GA) King (NY) Royce
Brown (SC) King (IA) Ryan (WI)
Brown-Waite, Kingston
Ginny Kirk
Buchanan Kline (MN)
Burgess Knollenberg
Burton (IN) Kucinich
Buyer Kuhl (NY)
Calvert LaHood
Camp (MI) Lamborn
Cannon Lampson
Cantor Latham
Capito Latham
Carney LaTourette
Carter Latta
Chabot Lewis (CA)
Cole (OK) Linder
Conaway LoBiondo
Costa Lucas
Cubin Lungren, Daniel
Culberson E.
Davis (KY) Manzullo
Davis, David Marchant
Davis, Lincoln Marshall
Davis, Tom Matheson
Deal (GA) McCarthy (CA)
Dent McCaul (TX)
Diaz-Balart, L. McCotter
Diaz-Balart, M. McCreery
Doolittle McHenry
Drake McHugh
Dreier McKeon
Ehlers McMorris
Emerson Rodgers
Everett Mica
Fallin Miller (FL)
Feeney Miller (MI)
Ferguson Miller, Gary
Flake Moran (KS)
Forbes Murphy, Tim
Fortenberry Musgrave
Fossella Neugebauer
Foxx Nunes
Franks (AZ) Paul

NOT VOTING—11

Bono Mack Gerlach Mack
Campbell (CA) Gillibrand Myrick
Crenshaw Hulshof Rush
DeGette Lewis (KY)

□ 1537

So the second portion of the divided question was adopted.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair will now put the question on the third portion of the divided question.

The question is, Will the House concur in the amendment of the Senate with House amendment No. 3 printed in House Report 110-636?

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. LEWIS of California. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 256, nays 166, not voting 12, as follows:

[Roll No. 330]

YEAS—256

Abercrombie Hare
Ackerman Harman
Allen Hastings (FL)
Altmire Hayes
Andrews Hereth Sandlin
Arcuri Higgins
Baca Hill
Baird Hinchey
Baldwin Hinojosa
Barrow Hiroo
Becerra Hodes
Berkley Holden
Berman Holt
Berry Honda
Bishop (GA) Hooley
Bishop (NY) Hoyer
Blumenauer Inslee
Boswell Israel
Boucher Jackson (IL)
Boyd (FL) Jackson-Lee
Boyda (KS) (TX)
Brady (PA) Jefferson
Braley (IA) Johnson (GA)
Brown, Corrine Johnson (IL)
Butterfield Johnson, E. B.
Buyer Jones (NC)
Capito Jones (OH)
Capps Kagen
Capuano Kanjorski
Cardoza Kaptur
Carmahan Kennedy
Carney Kildee
Carson Kilpatrick
Castle Kind
Castor King (NY)
Cazayoux Kirk
Chandler Klein (FL)
Clarke Knollenberg
Clay Kucinich
Clever LaHood
Clyburn Langevin
Cohen Larsen (WA)
Conyers Larson (CT)
Cooper LaTourette
Costa Lee
Costello Levin
Courtney Lewis (GA)
Cramer Lipinski
Crowley LoBiondo
Cuellar Loebsack
Cummings Lofgren, Zoe
Davis (AL) Davis (CA)
Davis (CA) Davis (IL)
Davis, Lincoln Marshall
DeFazio Matsui
Delahunt McCarthy (NY)
DeLauro McCollum (MN)
Dent McDermott
Dicks McGovern
Dingell McHugh
Doggett McIntyre
Doyle McNeerney
Edwards McNulty
Ellison Meek (FL)
Emanuel Meeks (NY)
Emerson Melancon
Engel Michaud
English (PA) Miller (MI)
Eshoo Miller (NC)
Etheridge Miller, George
Farr Mitchell
Fattah Mollohan
Filner Moore (KS)
Fortenberry Moore (WI)
Fossella Moran (VA)
Foster Murphy (CT)
Frank (MA) Murphy, Patrick
Giffords Murphy, Tim
Gilchrest Murtha
Gonzalez Nadler
Gordon Napolitano
Green, Al Neal (MA)
Green, Gene Oberstar
Grijalva Obey
Gutierrez Oliver
Hall (NY) Ortiz

Pallone
Pascarelli
Pastor
Payne
Pelosi
Perlmutter
Peterson (MN)
Petri
Platts
Pomeroy
Porter
Price (NC)
Rahall
Ramstad
Rangel
Renzi
Reyes
Richardson
Rodriguez
Ros-Lehtinen
Ross
Rothman
Roybal-Allard
Ruppersberger
Ryan (OH)
Salazar
Sánchez, Linda T.
Sanchez, Loretta
Sarbanes
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schwartz
Scott (GA)
Scott (VA)
Serrano
Sestak
Shays
Shea-Porter
Sherman
Shuler
Sires
Skelton
Slaughter
Smith (NJ)
Smith (WA)
Snyder
Solis
Space
Speier
Spratt
Stark
Stupak
Sutton
Tanner
Tauscher
Taylor
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Tierney
Towns
Tsongas
Udall (CO)
Udall (NM)
Upton
Van Hollen
Velázquez
Visclosky
Walz (MN)
Wasserman
Schultz
Waters
Watson
Watt
Waxman
Weiner
Welch (VT)
Wexler
Whitfield (KY)
Wilson (OH)
Woolsey
Wu
Wynn
Yarmuth
Young (AK)

NAYS—166

Forbes Paul
Foxx Pearce
Franks (AZ) Pence
Frelinghuysen Peterson (PA)
Gallegly Pickering
Garrett (NJ) Pitts
Gingrey Poe
Gohmert Price (GA)
Goode Pryce (OH)
Goodlatte Putnam
Granger Radanovich
Graves Regula
Hall (TX) Rehberg
Hastings (WA) Reichert
Heller Reynolds
Hensarling Rogers (AL)
Herger Rogers (KY)
Hobson Rogers (MI)
Hoekstra Rogers (KY)
Hunter Rohrabacher
Ingalls (SC) Roskam
Issa Royce
Johnson, Sam Ryan (WI)
Jordan Sali
Keller Saxton
King (IA) Scalise
Kingston Schmidt
Kline (MN) Sensenbrenner
Kuhl (NY) Sessions
Lamborn Shadegg
Lampson Shimkus
Latham Shuster
Latta Simpson
Lewis (CA) Smith (NE)
Linder Smith (TX)
Lucas Souder
Lungren, Daniel E.
Cubin Mahoney (FL)
Culberson Manzanillo
Davis (KY) Marchant
Davis, David Matheson
Davis, Tom McCarthy (CA)
Deal (GA) McCaul (TX)
Diaz-Balart, L. McCotter
Diaz-Balart, M. McCreery
Donnelly McHenry
Doolittle McKeon
Drake McMorris
Dreier Rodgers
Duncan Mica
Ehlers Miller (FL)
Ellsworth Miller, Gary
Everett Moran (KS)
Fallin Musgrave
Feeney Neugebauer
Ferguson Neugebauer
Flake Nunes

NOT VOTING—12

Bono Mack Gerlach Mack
Campbell (CA) Gillibrand Maloney (NY)
Crenshaw Hulshof Myrick
DeGette Lewis (KY) Rush

□ 1545

So the third portion of the divided question was adopted.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Mrs. MALONEY of New York. Mr. Speaker, I would have voted “aye” on rollcall 330. I was in a meeting and detained.

CONGRATULATING THE HONORABLE KRISTEN GILLIBRAND ON THE BIRTH OF HER CHILD

(Ms. HARMAN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. HARMAN. Mr. Speaker, I know that everyone is rushing to catch a plane, but I thought we could all welcome a little bit of good news; and that is, that one of our colleagues, KRISTEN GILLIBRAND, gave birth in the middle of the night to her second son. Mama is doing fine. The son is 7 pounds, 14